SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM - ACGR

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

(A) Use of Form ACGR

This SEC Form shall be used to meet the requirements of the Revised Code of Corporate Governance.

(B) Preparation of Report

These general instructions are not to be filed with the report. The instructions to the various captions of the form shall not be omitted from the report as filed. The report shall contain the numbers and captions of all items. If any item is inapplicable or the answer thereto is in the *negative*, an appropriate statement to that effect shall be made. Provide an explanation on why the item does not apply to the company or on how the company's practice differs from the Code.

(C) Signature and Filing of the Report

- A. Three (3) complete set of the report shall be filed with the Main Office of the Commission.
- B. At least one complete copy of the report filed with the Commission shall be manually signed.
- C. All reports shall comply with the full disclosure requirements of the Securities Regulation Code.
- D. This report is required to be filed annually together with the company's annual report.

(D) Filing an Amendment

Any material change in the facts set forth in the report occurring within the year shall be reported through SEC Form 17-C. The cover page for the SEC Form 17-C shall indicate "Amendment to the ACGR".

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM – ACGR

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Report is Filed for the Year 2012
 Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter Far Eastern University
 Nicanor Reyes Sr. St. Sampaloc, Manila
 Address of Principal Office Postal Code
 SEC Identification Number PW - 538

 (SEC Use Only)
 Industry Classification Code

 BIR Tax Identification Number 000 - 225 - 271

 (02) 735-5621
 Issuer's Telephone number, including area code

 Former name or former address, if changed from the last report

TABLE OF CONTENTS

A.	BOARD	MATTERS	5
		BOARD OF DIRECTORS	
		(a) Composition of the Board	
		(b) Corporate Governance Policy	5
		(c) Review and Approval of the Vision and Mission	6
		(d) Directorship in Other Companies	6
		(e) Shareholding in the Company	
	2)	CHAIRMAN AND CEO	8
	3)	PLAN FOR THE SUCCESSION OF THE TOP KEY MANAGEMENT POSITION	9
	4)	OTHER EXECUTIVE, NON-EXECUTIVE AND INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS	9
	5)	CHANGES IN THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS	9
	6)	ORIENTATION AND EDUCATION PROGRAM	L4
В.	CODE O	F BUSINESS CONDUCT & ETHICS	14
			14
	2)	DISSEMINATION OF CODE	1
	•	COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF ETHICS AND GUIDANCE	
	•	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	
	•		18
		· ,	18
			19
	-		19
C.	BOARD	MEETINGS & ATTENDANCE	2(
-			20
	•		20
	•		20
	•		20
	•		20
	-		21
	•	CHANGES IN EXISTING POLICIES	
D	DEMIIN	ERATION MATTERS	21
υ.	_		21
		REMUNERATION POLICY AND STRUCTURE FOR DIRECTORS	
		AGGREGATE REMUNERATION	
	-	STOCKRIGHTS, OPTIONS AND WARRANTS	
	•	REMUNERATION OF MANAGEMENT	
Ε.		COMMITTEES	
	-	NUMBER OF MEMBERS, FUNCTIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES	
	•	COMMITTEE MEMBERS	
	-	CHANGES IN COMMITTEE MEMBERS	
	•	WORK DONE AND ISSUES ADDRESSED	
	5)	COMMITTEE PROGRAM	1

F.	RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	31
	1) DISCLOSURES	31
	2) RISK POLICY	32
	3) CONTROL SYSTEM	33
G.	INTERNAL AUDIT AND CONTROL	36
	1) INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM	36
	2) INTERNAL AUDIT	37
	(a) Role, Scope and Internal Audit Function	37
	(b) Appointment/Removal of Internal Auditor	37
	(c) Reporting Relationship with the Audit Committee	
	(d) Resignation, Re-assignment and Reasons	38
	(e) Progress against Plans, Issues, Findings and Examination Trends	38
	(f) Audit Control Policies and Procedures	
	(g) Mechanisms and Safeguards	
н.	ROLE OF STAKEHOLDERS	40
I.	DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY	
J.	RIGHT OF STOCKHOLDERS	
K.	INVESTORS RELATIONS PROGRAM	
L.	CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES	
М.	BOARD, DIRECTOR, COMMITTEE AND CEO APPRAISAL	
	INTERNAL BREACHES AND SANCTIONS	51

A. BOARD MATTERS

1) Board of Directors

Number of Directors per Articles of Incorporation	9
Actual number of Directors for the year	9

(a) Composition of the Board

Complete the table with information on the Board of Directors:

Director's Name	Type [Executive (ED), Non- Executive (NED) or Independent Director (ID)]	If nominee, identify the principal	Nominator in the last election (if ID, state the relationship with the nominator)	Date first elected	Date last elected (if ID, state the number of years served as ID) ¹	Elected when (Annual /Special Meeting)	No. of years served as director
Lourdes R. Montinola	ED	Dr. E. Melchor	-	06/1989	08/2012	Annual	24
Aurelio R. Montinola	NED	Dr. E. Melchor	-	06/1989	08/2012	Annual	24
Michael M. Alba	ED	Dr. E. Melchor	-	10/2012	10/2012	Special	1
Angelina P. Jose	ED	Dr. E. Melchor	-	06/1990	08/2012	Annual	22
Paulino Y. Tan	NED	Dr. E. Melchor	-	06/1991	08/2012	Annual	21
Gianna R. Montinola	NED	Dr. E. Melchor	-	06/1996	08/2012	Annual	16
Sherisa P. Nuesa	ID	Dr. E. Melchor	No Relationship	08/2010	08/2012	Annual	2
Edilberto C. De Jesus	ID	Dr. E. Melchor	-do-	08/2012	08/2012	Annual	1
Robert F. Kuan	ID	Dr. E. Melchor	-do-	09/2004	08/2012	Annual	8

(b) Provide a brief summary of the corporate governance policy that the board of directors has adopted. Please emphasis the policy/ies relative to the treatment of all shareholders, respect for the rights of minority shareholders and of other stakeholders, disclosure duties, and board responsibilities.

FEU firmly believes that good corporate governance is necessary to achieve its corporate goals. The Board of Trustees as the governing body of the corporation, has adopted a management style of transparency and participative leadership that is open to ideas but employs only sound business practices to achieve its corporate objectives.

BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES

It is the Board's responsibility to foster the long-term success of the corporation, and to sustain its competitiveness and profitability in a manner consistent with its corporate objectives and the best interests of its stockholders and the public it serves, especially as an educational institution.

DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY

The essence of corporate governance is transparency. The more the transparent the internal workings of the corporation are, the more difficult it will be for Management and dominant stockholders to mismanage the corporation or misappropriate its assets. It is therefore essential that all material information about the corporation which could adversely affect its viability or the interests of the stockholders should be publicly and timely disclosed. Such information should include, among others, earning results, acquisition or disposition of assets, off balance sheet transactions, related party transactions, and direct and indirect remuneration of members of the Board and Management. All such information shall be disclosed through the appropriate exchange mechanisms and submissions to the Commission.

STOCKHOLDER'S RIGHTS AND PROTECTION OF MINORITY STOCKHOLDER'S INTERESTS

The Board shall respect the rights of the stockholders as provided for in the Corporation Code, namely:

- a. Right to vote on all matters that require their consent or approval;
- b. Pre-emptive right to all stock issuances of the corporation;

¹ Reckoned from the election immediately following January 2, 2012.

- c. Right to inspect corporate books and records;
- d. Right to information;
- e. Right to dividends; and
- f. Appraisal right.

The Board shall be transparent and fair in the conduct of the annual and special stockholders' meeting of the corporation and shall encourage stockholders to personally attend such meetings.

It is the duty of the Board to promote the rights of the stockholders, remove impediments to the exercise of those rights and provide an adequate avenue for them to seek timely redress for breach of their rights.

The Board shall give the minority stockholders the right to propose the holding of meetings and the items for discussion that relate directly to the business of the corporation.

- (c) How often does the Board review and approve the vision and mission? As often as necessary.
- (d) Directorship in Other Companies
 - (i) Directorship in the Company's Group²

Identify, as and if applicable, the members of the company's Board of Directors who hold the office of director in other companies within its Group:

Director's Name	Corporate Name of the Group Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non-Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman.
Lourdes R. Montinola	FERN Realty Corporation	ED (Chairman)
Lourdes IV. Montinola	Far Eastern College - Silang	NED (Chairman)
Aurelio R. Montinola III	East Asia Computer Center Inc.	NED
Michael M. Alba	Far Eastern College - Silang	ED (President)
Angelina D. Jose	FERN Realty Corporation	NED
Angelina P. Jose	Far Eastern College - Silang	NED (Secretary)
	FERN Realty Corporation	NED
Paulino Y. Tan	Far Eastern College – Silang	NED
	East Asia Computer Center Inc.	NED (Chairman)
	FERN Realty Corporation	NED (Corporate Secretary)
	East Asia Computer Center Inc.	NED (Secretary)
Gianna R. Montinola	Far Eastern College – Silang	NED
	Juliana Management Co., Inc.	NED (Secretary)
	ICF – CCE, Inc.	NED
Sherisa P. Nuesa	FERN Realty Corporation	NED
Robert F. Kuan	Far Eastern College - Silang	ID

(ii) Directorship in Other Listed Companies

Identify, as and if applicable, the members of the company's Board of Directors who are also directors of publicly-listed companies outside of its Group:

Director's Name	Name of Listed Company	Type of Directorship (Executive, Non-Executive, Independent). Indicate if director is also the Chairman.
Robert F. Kuan	China Banking Corporation	Independent Director

² The Group is composed of the parent, subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures of the company.

(iii) Relationship within the Company and its Group

Provide details, as and if applicable, of any relation among the members of the Board of Directors, which links them to significant shareholders in the company and/or in its group:

Director's Name	Name of the Significant Shareholder	Description of the relationship
Lourdes R. Montinola	Seyrel Investments and Realty Corporation	President
Lourdes K. Montinola	Desrey, Inc	President
Aurelio R. Montinola III	Seyrel Investments and Realty Corporation	Chairman
Aureno R. Montinola III	Desrey, Inc	Chairman
Gianna R. Montinola	Seyrel Investments and Realty	Vice President
	Corporation	Treasurer
	Desrey, Inc	

The Chairperson, Dr. Lourdes R. Montinola, is the mother of Mr. Aurelio R. Montinola III and Atty. Gianna R. Montinola, all of whom are members of the Board of Trustees. Likewise, she is the mother of Mr. Juan Miguel R. Montinola, Chief Finance Officer.

(iv) Has the company set a limit on the number of board seats in other companies (publicly listed, ordinary and companies with secondary license) that an individual director or CEO may hold simultaneously? Not quantitatively but qualitatively. In particular, is the limit of five board seats in other publicly listed companies imposed and observed? Not exactly but there is a specific guidelines for it. If yes, briefly describe other guidelines:

	Guidelines	Maximum Number of Directorships in other companies
Executive Director	The Board has adopted a qualitative	
Non-Executive Director	guideline on the number of directorships	
CEO	that its members can hold in stock and non-stock corporations. The optimum	
	number takes into consideration the	
	capacity of a director to diligently and	
	efficiently perform his duties and	
	responsibilities.	
	The Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and	
	other executive trustees may be covered	
	by a lower indicative limit for membership	
	in other boards. A similar limit may apply	
	to independent or non-executive trustees	
	who, at the same time, serve as full-time executives in other corporations. In any	
	case, the capacity of the trustees to	
	diligently and efficiently perform their	
	duties and responsibilities to the board	
	they serve should not be compromised.	

(c) Shareholding in the Company

Complete the following table on the members of the company's Board of Directors who directly and indirectly own shares in the company:

Name of Director	Number of Direct shares	Number of Indirect shares / Through (name of record owner)	% of Capital Stock
Lourdes R. Montinola	6,635	3,156,627/Seyrel Investement & Realty Corp., Desrey, Inc & Zare, Inc.	23.03687%
Aurelio R. Montinola III	261,510	320,421/Seyrel Investement & Realty Corp., DERRC, Inc., Desrey, Inc. & Zare, Inc.	4.23799%
Michael M. Alba	1		0.00001%
Angelina P. Jose	442,028		3.21912%
Paulino Y. Tan	1		0.00001%
Gianna R. Montinola	60,374	293,341/Seyrel Investement & Realty Corp., DERRC, Inc., Desrey, Inc. & Zare, Inc.	2.57597%
Sherisa P. Nuesa	1		0.00001%
Robert F. Kuan	1		0.00001%
Edilberto C. de Jesus	190		0.00138%
TOTAL	770,741	3,770,389	33.07137%

2) Chairman and CEO

(a)	Do different persons assume the role of Chairman of the Board of Directors and CEO? If no, describe th
	checks and balances laid down to ensure that the Board gets the benefit of independent views.

Yes No X

The President who serves as a COO is a member of the Board of Trustee and reports directly to the Board.

Identify the Chair and CEO:

Chairman of the Board	Dr. Lourdes R. Montinola
Chief Executive Officer	Dr. Lourdes R. Montinola
President/Chief Operating Officer	Dr. Michael M. Alba

(b) Roles, Accountabilities and Deliverables

Define and clarify the roles, accountabilities and deliverables of the Chairman and CEO.

	Chairman	Chief Executive Officer	President/COO
Role	The head of the Board of Trustees	Chief Executive Officer	Chief Operating Officer
Accountabilities	Preside at all meetings of the stockholders & trustees. Ensure that the meetings of the Board are held in accordance with the by-laws or as the Chair may deem necessary; Supervise the preparation of the agenda of the meeting in coordination with the Corporate Secretary, taking into consideration the suggestions of the CEO, COO, Management and the trustees; and Maintain qualitative and timely lines of communication and information between the Board and Management.	See to it that all resolutions of the Board are duly carried out. Exercise general supervision over the affairs of the corporation Direct and administer the financial and administrative affair of the university.	Direct & administer the academic affairs of the university.
Deliverables	Attainment of corporate set goals.	Execute and implement company policies set by the Board.	Quality education

3) Explain how the board of directors plan for the succession of the CEO/Managing Director/President and the top key management positions?

Prospective candidates for key management positions are trained through seminars, close supervision and participative leadership in preparation for their assumption of greater responsibilities.

Depending on the situation and the need, the President and other top key management officers may also be hired from outside.

4) Other Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors

Does the company have a policy of ensuring diversity of experience and background of directors in the board? Please explain.

Yes. Each trustee is expected to be a member in good standing in relevant industry, business and professional organization.

Does it ensure that at least one non-executive director has an experience in the sector or industry the company belongs to? Please explain.

Yes. Each Trustee is expected to have a practical knowledge of the business of the corporation.

Define and clarify the roles, accountabilities and deliverables of the Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors:

	Executive	Non-Executive	Independent Director
Role	1. Sets corporate goals,	1. Sets corporate goals,	1. Sets corporate goals,
Accountabilities	both short term & long term.	both short term & long term.	both short term & long term.
Deliverables	 Formulates policies for the attainment of corporate set goals. Executes and implements policies & procedures for the attainment of corporate goals. 	2. Formulates policies for the attainment of corporate set goals.	 Formulates policies for the attainment of corporate set goals. Protects the interest of minority stockholders.

Provide the company's definition of "independence" and describe the company's compliance to the definition.

Independence – a state of being free from any business relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out his responsibilities. To this effect, all Independent Directors are barred from entering into any transaction with the company or its affiliates that could impair their independence.

Does the company have a term limit of five consecutive years for independent directors? Yes, effective January 2, 2012. If after two years, the company wishes to bring back an independent director who had served for five years, does it limit the term for no more than four additional years? Please explain. Not 4 years but 5 years as provided for by SEC circular #9, series of 2011.

- 5) Changes in the Board of Directors (Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors)
 - (a) Resignation/Death/Removal

Indicate any changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that happened during the period:

Name	Position	Date of Cessation	Reason
Renato L. Paras	Non-Executive Director	May 6, 2012	Death
Lydia B. Echauz	President/COO	August 25, 2012	Compulsory Retirement
Antonio R. Montinola	Non-Executive Director	October 16, 2012	Resignation

(b) Selection/Appointment, Re-election, Disqualification, Removal, Reinstatement and Suspension

Describe the procedures for the selection/appointment, re-election, disqualification, removal, reinstatement and suspension of the members of the Board of Directors. Provide details of the processes adopted (including the frequency of election) and the criteria employed in each procedure:

with three (3) members, one of whom is an independent trustee, shall promulgate the guidelines or criteria to govern the conduct of the nomination. The same shall be properly disclosed in the company's information or proxy statement or such other reports required to be submitted to the Commission. B. Nomination of independent trustees shall be conducted by the Committee prior to a stockholders' meeting. All recommendations shall be signed by the nominating stockholders together with the acceptance and conformity by the would-be nominees. with three (3) members, one of whom is an independent trustee, shall previous Board provided for in the Corporation Code, Securities Regulation Code and other relevant laws, the Board may provide for additional qualifications which include, among others, the following: • College education or equivalent academic degree; • Practical understanding of the business the corporation; • Membership in good standing in relevant industry, business or professional organizations; and • Previous business experience.	Procedure	Process Adopted	Criteria
with three (3) members, one of whom is an independent trustee, shall promulgate the guidelines or criteria to govern the conduct of the nomination. The same shall be properly disclosed in the company's information or proxy statement or such other reports required to be submitted to the Commission. B. Nomination of independent trustees shall be conducted by the Committee prior to a stockholders' meeting. All recommendations shall be signed by the nominating stockholders together with the acceptance and conformity by the would-be nominees. with three (3) members, one of whom is an independent trustee, shall prevailed for in the Corporation Code, Securities Regulation Code and other relevant laws, the Board may provide for additional qualifications which include, among others, the following: • College education or equivalent academic degree; • Practical understanding of the business the corporation; • Membership in good standing in relevant industry, business or professional organizations; and • Previous business experience.	a. Selection/Appointment		
prepare a final list of all candidates and put in place screening policies and parameters to enable it to effectively review the qualifications of the nominees for independent trustee/s.	a. Selection/Appointment (i) Executive Directors (ii) Non-Executive Directors	A. The Nomination Committee with three (3) members, one of whom is an independent trustee, shall promulgate the guidelines or criteria to govern the conduct of the nomination. The same shall be properly disclosed in the company's information or proxy statement or such other reports required to be submitted to the Commission. B. Nomination of independent trustees shall be conducted by the Committee prior to a stockholders' meeting. All recommendations shall be signed by the nominating stockholders together with the acceptance and conformity by the would-be nominees. C. The Committee shall prescreen the qualifications and prepare a final list of all candidates and put in place screening policies and parameters to enable it to effectively review the qualifications of the nominees	In addition to the qualifications for membership in Board provided for in the Corporation Code, Securities Regulation Code and other relevant laws, the Board may provide for additional qualifications which include, among others, the following: • College education or equivalent academic degree; • Practical understanding of the business of the corporation; • Membership in good standing in relevant industry, business or professional organizations; and

	trustees, as required under Part IV (A) and (C) of Annex "C" of SRC Rule 12, which list shall be made available to the commission and to all stockholders through the filing and distribution of the Information Statement in accordance with SRC Rule 20, or in such other reports the company is required to submit to the Commission. The name of the person or group of persons who recommended the nomination of the independent trustee shall be identified in such report including any relationship with the nominee. E. Only nominees whose names appear on the Final List of Candidates shall be eligible for election as Independent Trustee/s. No other nominations shall be entertained after the Final List of Candidates shall have been prepared. No further nominations shall be entertained or allowed on the floor during the actual annual stockholders'/memberships' meeting. F. Election of Independent	
h. Do on obtained	Trustee/s	
b. Re-appointment	1	
(i) Executive Directors	_	
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	Same as above	Same as above
(iii) Independent Directors		
c. Permanent Disqualification	1	
(i) Executive Directors	Any Director shall be subject to permanent disqualification	A. Any person convicted by final judgment or order by a competent judicial or administrative
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	by order of the Chairman of the	body of any crime that (a) involves the purchase
(iii) Independent Directors	Board in writing, subject to the subsequent action of the Board of Trustees.	or sale of securities, as defined in the Securities Regulation Code; (b) arises out of the person's conduct as an underwriter, broker, dealer, investment adviser, principal, distributor, mutual fund dealer, futures commission merchant, commodity trading advisor, or floor broker; or (c) arises out of his fiduciary relationship with a bank, quasi-bank, trust company, investment house or as an affiliated person of any of them;

after hearing, is permanently enjoined by a final judgment or order of the Commission or any court or administrative body of competent jurisdiction from: (a) acting as underwriter, broker, dealer, investment adviser, principal distributor, mutual fund dealer, futures commission merchant, commodity trading advisor, or floor broker; (b) acting as director or officer of a bank, quasi-bank, trust company, investment house, or investment company; (c) engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in any of the capacities mentioned in sub-paragraphs (a) and (b) above, or willfully violating the laws that govern securities and banking activities. The disqualification shall also apply if such person is currently the subject of an order of the Commission or any court or administrative body denying, revoking or suspending any registration, license or permit issued to him under the Corporation Code, Securities Regulation Code, or any other law administered by the Commission or Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP), or under any rule or regulation issued by the Commission or BSP, or has otherwise been restrained to engage in any activity involving securities and banking; or such person is currently the subject of an effective order of a self-regulatory organization suspending or expelling him from membership, participation or association with a member or participant of the organization;

- **C.** Any person convicted by final judgment or order by a court or competent administrative body of an offense involving moral turpitude, fraud, embezzlement, theft, estafa, counterfeiting, misappropriation, forgery, bribery, false affirmation, perjury or other fraudulent acts;
- **D.** Any person who has been adjudged by final judgment or order of the Commission, court, or competent administrative body to have willfully violated, or willfully aided, abetted, counseled, induced or procured the violation of any provision of the Corporate Code, Securities Regulation Code or any other law administered by the Commission or BSP, or any of its rule, regulation or order;
- **E.** Any person earlier elected as independent trustee who becomes an officer, employee or consultant of the same corporation;
- **F.** Any person judicially declared as insolvent;
- **G.** Any person found guilty by final judgment or order of a foreign court or equivalent financial

		regulatory authority of acts, violations or misconduct similar to any of the acts, violations or misconduct enumerated in sub-paragraphs (a) to (e) above; H. Conviction by final judgment of an offense punishable by imprisonment for more than six (6) years, or a violation of the Corporation Code committed within five (5) years prior to the date of his election or appointment.
d. Temporary Disqualification		
(i) Executive Directors	Any Director shall be subject to	A. Refusal to comply with the disclosure
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	temporary disqualification by order of the Chairman of the	requirements of the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations. The
(iii) Independent Directors	Board in writing, subject to the subsequent action of the Board of Trustees.	disqualification shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists. B. Absence in more than fifty (50) percent of all regular and special meetings of the Board during his incumbency, or any twelve (12) month period during the said incumbency, unless the absence is due to illness, death in the immediate family or serious accident. The disqualification shall apply for purposes of succeeding election. C. Dismissal or termination for cause as trustee of any corporation covered by this Manual. The disqualification shall be in effect until he has cleared himself from any involvement in the cause that gave rise to his dismissal or termination. D. If the beneficial equity ownership of an independent trustee in the corporation or its subsidiaries and affiliates exceeds two percent of its subscribed capital stock. The disqualification shall be lifted if the limit is later complied with. E. If any of the judgments or orders cited in the grounds for permanent disqualification has not yet become final.
e. Removal		
(i) Executive Directors	Any Director shall be subject to	All the Directors of the corporation shall be
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	removal by order of the Chairman of the Board in writing, subject to	subject to removal by resolution of the Board at any time, with or without cause, provided a
(iii) Independent Directors	the subsequent action of the Board of Trustees.	majority of the Board shall vote in favor thereof.
f. Re-instatement		
(i) Executive Directors	Same as Selection/Appointment	Same as Selection/Appointment and Re-
(ii) Non-Executive Directors	and Re-appointment	appointment
(iii) Independent Directors		
g. Suspension		
(i) Executive Directors	Any Director shall be subject to	All the Directors of the corporation shall be

(ii) Non-Executive Directors		, , ,
(iii) Independent Directors	of the Chairman of the Board in writing, subject to the subsequent action of the Board of Trustees.	at any time, with or without cause, provided a majority of the Board shall vote in favor thereof.

Voting Result of the last Annual General Meeting

Name of Director	Votes Received
Lourdes R. Montinola	1,310,229
Aurelio R. Montinola III	1,310,229
Antonio R. Montinola	1,310,229
Angelina P. Jose	1,310,229
Paulino Y. Tan	1,310,229
Gianna R. Montinola	1,310,228
Sherisa P. Nuesa	1,310,228
Robert F. Kuan	1,310,228
Edilberto C. de Jesus	1,310,228

6) Orientation and Education Program

(a) Disclose details of the company's orientation program for new directors, if any.

All new Directors are required to attend the seminar on Good Corporate Governance to be conducted by accredited company/group.

- (b) State any in-house training and external courses attended by Directors and Senior Management³ for the past three (3) years: NONE
- (c) Continuing education programs for directors: programs and seminars and roundtables attended during the year.

Name of Director/Officer	Date of Training	Program	Name of Training Institution
Michael M. Alba	Nov. 16, 2012	Corporate Governance & Anti-Money Laundering Act Seminar	Philippine Securities Consultancy Corporation
Angelina P. Jose	March 26, 2013	ASEAN CG Scorecard Information Briefing	Institute of Corporate Directors
Sherisa P. Nuesa	Sept. 11, 2012	ASEAN Corporate Governance Launch	Institute of Corporate Directors
Atty. Gianna R. Montinola	Feb. 27 & 28, 2012	Integrated Marketing & Communications for Higher Education Providers Workshop.	Pacific Conference Pte Ltd., Singapore

B. CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT & ETHICS

1) Discuss briefly the company's policies on the following business conduct or ethics affecting directors, senior management and employees:

³ Senior Management refers to the CEO and other persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company.

Business Conduct & Ethics	Directors	Senior Management	Employees
(a) Conflict of Interest	If an actual or potential conflict of interest may arise, a trustee should fully and immediately disclose it and should not participate in the discussion-making process. A trustee who has a continuing material conflict of interest with the company should seriously consider resigning from his post. A conflict of interest shall be considered material if the trustee's personal or business interest is antagonistic to that of the corporation or stands to gain financial advantage at the expense of the corporation.	If an actual or potential conflict of interest may arise, a senior manager should fully and immediately disclose it and should not participate in the discussion-making process. A senior manager who has a continuing material conflict of interest with the company should seriously consider resigning from his post. A conflict of interest shall be considered material if the senior manager's personal or business interest is antagonistic to that of the corporation or stands to gain financial advantage at the expense of the corporation.	If an actual or potential conflict of interest may arise, an employee should fully and immediately disclose it and should not participate in the discussion-making process. An employee who has a continuing material conflict of interest with the company should seriously consider resigning from his post. A conflict of interest shall be considered material if the employee's personal or business interest is antagonistic to that of the corporation or stands to gain financial advantage at the expense of the corporation.
(b) Conduct of Business and Fair Dealings	The basic principle to observe is that a trustee should not use his position to profit or gain some benefit or advantage for himself and/or his related interest. He should avoid situations that may compromise his impartiality.	The basic principle to observe is that a senior manager should not use his position to profit or gain some benefit or advantage for himself and/or his related interest. He should avoid situations that may compromise his impartiality.	The basic principle to observe is that an employee should not use his position to profit or gain some benefit or advantage for himself and/or his related interest. He should avoid situations that may compromise his impartiality.
(c) Receipt of gifts from third parties	Receipt of gifts from third parties especially with business dealings with the company is strictly prohibited as it may compromise a trustee's impartiality.	Receipt of gifts from third parties especially with business dealings with the company is strictly prohibited as it may compromise a senior manager's impartiality.	Receipt of gifts from third parties especially with business dealings with the company is strictly prohibited as it may compromise an employee's impartiality.
(d) Compliance with Laws & Regulations	As a listed corporation, the company as well as its directors and officers are strictly enjoined to faithfully comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations.	As a listed corporation, the company as well as its senior managers are strictly enjoined to faithfully comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations.	As a listed corporation, the company as well as its employees are strictly enjoined to faithfully comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations.
(e) Respect for Trade Secrets/Use of Non- public Information	A trustee should keep secure and confidential all non-public information he may	A senior manager should keep secure and confidential all non-public information he may	An employee should keep secure and confidential all non-public information he may acquire as an

(f)	Use of Company Funds, Assets and Information	acquire as a trustee. He should not reveal confidential information to unauthorized persons without the authority /permission of the board. Company funds and assets should be used effectively and exclusively for business related activities only. Company information shall, likewise, be used for the exclusive benefit of the company.	acquire as a senior manager. He should not reveal confidential information to unauthorized persons without the authority /permission of the board. Company funds and assets should be used effectively and exclusively for business related activities only. Company information shall, likewise, be used for the exclusive benefit of the company.	employee. He should not reveal confidential information to unauthorized persons without the authority /permission of the board. • Only employees duly authorized, directly or by delegation, shall have custody of funds or property belonging or entrusted to the University. Employees are required to exercise due diligence and care in the handling thereof.
(g)	Employment & Labor Laws & Policies	The company and its directors and officers are strictly enjoined to comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations including employment and labor laws and policies	The company and its senior managers are strictly enjoined to comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations including employment and labor laws and policies	 The University's personnel policy provides the employees equality of opportunity, regardless of race, color, sex, creed, political affiliation or marital status and shall not show partiality or grant special favors to any one employee or group of employees. The University maintains control of the hiring of personnel through the application of a standard requisition policy and procedure. Vacancies are filled by promotion from within the University whenever possible. If a suitable candidate is not already available from the staff, a new candidate is sought out in accordance with a standard set of rules.
(h)	Disciplinary action	While positive approach is still the best approach, it is nevertheless, necessary to impose disciplinary actions as deterrent to fraud and other misdeeds.	While positive approach is still the best approach, it is nevertheless, necessary to impose disciplinary actions as deterrent to fraud and other misdeeds.	The Code of Conduct sets the norm of conduct to be observed by all FEU employees while within the University premises or while engaged in the discharge and performance of their official functions. The Code of Conduct also provides a guide to the University in imposing corrective actions to

	1		employees.
(i) Whistle Blower	The company encourages responsible whistle blowers and gives them adequate protection. On the other hand, irresponsible and indiscriminate accusations are netted the corresponding sanctions.	The company encourages responsible whistle blowers and gives them adequate protection. On the other hand, irresponsible and indiscriminate accusations are netted the corresponding sanctions.	The company encourages responsible whistle blowers and gives them adequate protection. On the other hand, irresponsible and indiscriminate accusations are netted the corresponding sanctions.
(j) Conflict Resolution	Conciliation Meeting	 The University resolves conflicts/issues through: Conduct of Audit Ad Hoc Committees for administrative cases Conciliation Meetings with HRD Department Meetings 	The University resolves conflicts/issues through: Labor Management Committee Meetings Grievance Committee and Procedure Conduct of Audit Ad Hoc Committees for administrative cases Committee on Sexual Harassment and Decorum Conciliation Meetings with HRD Department Meetings

- 2) Has the code of ethics or conduct been disseminated to all directors, senior management and employees? Yes
- 3) Discuss how the company implements and monitors compliance with the code of ethics or conduct.

The **Code of Conduct** includes policies and guidelines that reinforce our values and set forth our steadfast expectations regarding the norm of conduct to be observed by all FEU employees. The Code aims to provide a safe, secured and healthy work environment, create harmonious and productive work relationships, and nurture our individual growth not only as FEU employees but more importantly as responsible members of our community.

The Code of Conduct is implemented as follows:

- 1. Each employee and faculty acknowledges receipt of the Code of Conduct.
- 2. Employees and faculty are briefed on the contents of the Code of Conduct.
- 3. The Department Head/Dean submits to HRD/Academic Affairs Office an incident report based on the alleged offense or violation of the employee/faculty.
- 4. Based on the incident report, HRD/Academic Affairs Office issues to the involved employee/faculty a notice to explain, indicating the offense and corrective action.
- 5. An Ad hoc Committee is created, depending on the explanation and evidence, to conduct further investigation and recommend appropriate corrective action.
- 6. The Ad Hoc Committee recommends to the University President the corrective action for the offense based on the Code of Conduct.
- The President endorses the recommendation of the Ad Hoc Committee to the Legal Counsel for review.
- 8. HRD/Academic Affairs Office issues a notice of the decision and corresponding corrective action to the employee/faculty, copy furnished the Union.

4) Related Party Transactions

(a) Policies and Procedures

Describe the company's policies and procedures for the review, approval or ratification, monitoring and recording of related party transactions between and among the company and its parent, joint ventures, subsidiaries, associates, affiliates, substantial stockholders, officers and directors, including their spouses, children and dependent siblings and parents and of interlocking director relationships of members of the Board.

Related Party Transactions	Policies and Procedures	
(1) Parent Company	As a rule, related party transactions are being discouraged.	
(2) Joint Ventures	To start with, applicants for employment cannot be hired if	
(3) Subsidiaries	they are related to any employee up to the 4th degree of	
(4) Entities Under Common Control	relation. Employees are also not allowed to supply the needs	
(5) Substantial Stockholders	of the company or any of its concessionaires. Dealings falling	
(6) Officers including spouse/children/siblings/parents	under the category of related party transactions should be approved by the Board of Trustees and such should, at least be:	
(7) Directors including spouse/children/siblings/parents	1. Above board. 2. Transparent	
(8) Interlocking director relationship	3. Arm's length	
of Board of Directors	4. Non-bias	
	5. Without special favor	
	6. Not disadvantageous to the company	
	In other words, it must be to the best interest of the company as a whole.	

(b) Conflict of Interest

(i) Directors/Officers and 5% or more Shareholders

Identify any actual or probable conflict of interest to which directors/officers/5% or more shareholders may be involved. NONE

	Details of Conflict of Interest (Actual or Probable)
Name of Director/s	
Name of Officer/s	N/A
Name of Significant Shareholders	

(ii) Mechanism

Describe the mechanism laid down to detect, determine and resolve any possible conflict of interest between the company and/or its group and their directors, officers and significant shareholders.

	Directors/Officers/Significant Shareholders	
Company	Conflict of interest normally happens when a person has	
Group	vested interest in both parties entering into transactions. Therefore, to resolve possible conflict of interest, all transactions between the company and/or its group and their directors, officers & significant shareholders shall pass	

through the BOT whose standing policy is to allow such transactions only if they are above board, transparent, arm's length, non-bias, without special favor and not disadvantageous to the company as a whole. Interested parties are also not allowed to participate in deliberating and deciding on said transactions.

5) Family, Commercial and Contractual Relations

(a) Indicate, if applicable, any relation of a family,⁴ commercial, contractual or business nature that exists between the holders of significant equity (5% or more), to the extent that they are known to the company:

Names of Related Significant Shareholders	Type of Relationship	Brief Description of the Relationship
Source Investments and Poalty		LRM is the President
Seyrel Investments and Realty Corporation	Family Corporation	ARM is the Chairman
		GRM is the Vice president
		LRM is the President
Desrey, Inc	Family Corporation	ARM is the Chairman
		GRM is the Treasurer

(b) Indicate, if applicable, any relation of a commercial, contractual or business nature that exists between the holders of significant equity (5% or more) and the company:

Names of Related Significant Shareholders	Type of Relationship	Brief Description
	NONE	

(c) Indicate any shareholder agreements that may impact on the control, ownership and strategic direction of the company:

Name of Shareholders	% of Capital Stock affected (Parties)	Brief Description of the Transaction
	NONE	

6) Alternative Dispute Resolution

Describe the alternative dispute resolution system adopted by the company for the last three (3) years in amicably settling conflicts or differences between the corporation and its stockholders, and the corporation and third parties, including regulatory authorities.

	Alternative Dispute Resolution System
Corporation & Stockholders	
Corporation & Third Parties	Consiliation mostings
Corporation & Regulatory Authorities	Conciliation meetings
Corporation & Employees/Faculty	

⁴ Family relationship up to the fourth civil degree either by consanguinity or affinity.

C. BOARD MEETINGS & ATTENDANCE

1) Are Board of Directors' meetings scheduled before or at the beginning of the year? YES

2) Attendance of Directors

Board	Name	Date of Election	No. of Meetings Held during the year	No. of Meetings Attended	%
Chairman	Lourdes R. Montinola	08/2012	12	12	100%
Vice-Chair	Aurelio R. Montinola III	08/2012	12	10	83%
President	Lydia B. Echauz – Retired 8/2012	08/2012	12	6	50%
	Michael M. Alba – Appointed 10/2012			6	50%
Corp. Sec.	Angelina P. Jose	08/2012	12	12	100%
Trustee	Paulino Y. Tan	08/2012	12	12	100%
Trustee	Gianna R. Montinola	08/2012	12	3	25%
Independent	Sherisa P. Nuesa	08/2012	12	10	83%
Independent	Robert F. Kuan	08/2012	12	11	92%
Independent	Edilberto C. de Jesus – 1 st elected	08/2012	12	6	50%
	8/2012				
Trustee	Antonio R. Montinola - 1st Elected 8/2012 & Resigned 9/2012	8/2012	12	1	8%
	0/2012 & Nesigneu 3/2012				

- 3) Do non-executive directors have a separate meeting during the year without the presence of any executive? If yes, how many times? Yes, once.
- 4) Is the minimum quorum requirement for Board decisions set at two-thirds of board members? Please explain.

No. A majority of Trustees is all that is necessary at all meetings to constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business.

5) Access to Information

- (a) How many days in advance are board papers⁵ for board of directors meetings provided to the board? 2 days
- (b) Do board members have independent access to Management and the Corporate Secretary? YES
- (c) State the policy of the role of the company secretary. She is responsible for the safekeeping and preservation of the integrity of the minutes of the Board and its committees including other official records. She informs the members of the Board the agenda of their meetings and ensures that they are provided with accurate information necessary for an intelligent decision. Does such role include assisting the Chairman in preparing the board agenda, facilitating training of directors, keeping directors updated regarding any relevant statutory and regulatory changes, etc? YES
- (d) Is the company secretary trained in legal, accountancy or company secretarial practices? YES, except in legal. Please explain should the answer be in the negative. The company has an in-house legal counsel and an external legal adviser.

⁵ Board papers consist of complete and adequate information about the matters to be taken in the board meeting. Information includes the background or explanation on matters brought before the Board, disclosures, budgets, forecasts and internal financial documents.

(e) Committee Procedures

Disclose whether there is a procedure that Directors can avail of to enable them to get information necessary to be able to prepare in advance for the meetings of different committees:

V	V	NI-	
Yes	Х	No	

Committee	Details of the procedures
Executive	Via email
Audit	Via email
Nomination	Via email
Remuneration	Via email
Corporate Governanve	Via email
Risk Management	Via email

6) External Advice

Indicate whether or not a procedure exists whereby directors can receive external advice and, if so, provide details: YES

Procedures	Details
Consult External Auditors	Accounting and tax matters
Consult Internal legal counsel	Labor matters
Consult External & internal legal counsel	Legal matters
Consult External & internal legal counsel	Other regulatory matters

7) Change/s in existing policies

Indicate, if applicable, any change/s introduced by the Board of Directors (during its most recent term) on existing policies that may have an effect on the business of the company and the reason/s for the change:

Existing Policies	Changes	Reason
Non capitalization of PPE worth ₱ 5,000	From ₱ 5,000 to ₱ 20,000	Materiality principle
Generalized minutes in Board of Trustees meetings	More substantial discussion of matters taken up during the meeting shall be included in the minutes	Clarity
Funds accounting for all types of funds	Funds accounting only for fiduciary funds	Compliance with BIR requirements

D. REMUNERATION MATTERS

1) Remuneration Process

Disclose the process used for determining the remuneration of the CEO and the four (4) most highly compensated management officers:

Process	CEO	Top 4 Highest Paid Management Officers	
(1) Fixed remuneration	 Entry rates are based on industry rates and applicant's qualifications. Subsequent increases are based on yearly performance evaluation and the degree/scope of one's responsibility. 		
(2) Variable remuneration	NONE		
(3) Per diem allowance	Per diem, if any, shall be approved	d by EXCOM and ratified by the Board of	

	Trustees.
(4) Bonus	Standard bonuses similar to those given to employees.
(5) Stock Options and other financial instruments	NONE
(6) Others (specify)	Standard benefits similar to those given to employees.

2) Remuneration Policy and Structure for Executive and Non-Executive Directors

Disclose the company's policy on remuneration and the structure of its compensation package. Explain how the compensation of Executive and Non-Executive Directors is calculated.

	Remuneration Policy	Structure of Compensation Packages	How Compensation is Calculated
Executive	As executive, remuneration & benefits are similar to those given to employees	•Fixed monthly salary •CB/EB/PLCC •Medical, retirement & other benefits	•Fixed rate less absences •length of service •fixed except retirement which is based on basic
Directors	2. As director, allowance given to Trustees	2.Gas allowance for BOT meeting	2. attendance based
	3. As director, bonus given to the Trustees	3.year-end directors bonus	3. term based
Non- Executive Directors	No remuneration & benefits except for allowance & bonus given to Trustees	•gasoline allowance for BOT meeting •transportation/ representation allowance for attending EXCOM meeting	•attendance based •attendance based
		year-end Director's bonus	•term based

Do stockholders have the opportunity to approve the decision on total remuneration (fees, allowances, benefits-in-kind and other emoluments) of board of directors? In certain cases.

Provide details for the last three (3) years.

Remuneration Scheme	Date of Stockholders' Approval
Compensation package as an executive is similar to employees and is governed by existing company policies on remuneration.	N/A
Gasoline allowance of ₱ 2, 000.00 for attending BOT meetings	Minimal amount only
Transportation/representation allowance for non-executive directors who are members of EXCOM	Reasonable amount only
Year-end directors bonus	May 8, 1976

3) Aggregate Remuneration

Complete the following table on the aggregate remuneration accrued during the most recent year:

Remuneration Item	Executive Directors	Non-Executive Directors (other than independent directors)	Independent Directors	
(a) Fixed Remuneration	E D	₱31,208,806.00 -0-	NONE	NONE
(b) Variable Remuneration		NONE	NONE	NONE
(c) Per diem Allowance		NONE	NONE	NONE
(d) Bonuses/13 th month		₱5,746,222.00 ₱4,500,000.00	-0- ₱4,500,000.00	-0- ₱4,500,000.00
(e) Stock Options and/or other financial instruments		NONE	NONE	NONE
(f) Transportation/representation as EXCOM		NONE	₱693,488.00	NONE
(g) PLCC E D		₱ 3,164,337.00 -0-	NONE	NONE
Total		₱44,619,365.00	₱5,193,488.00	₱4,500,000.00

Other Benefits			Executive Directors	Non-Executive Director (other than independent directors)	Independent Directors
1)	Advances		NONE	NONE	NONE
2)	Credit granted		NONE	NONE	NONE
3)	3) Pension Plan/s Contributions E D		₱6,241,761.00 -0-	NONE	NONE
(d)	(d) Pension Plans, Obligations incurred		NONE	NONE	NONE
(e)	Life Insurance Premium		NONE	NONE	NONE
(f)	(f) Hospitalization Plan		₱165,000.00 -0-	NONE	NONE
(g)	(g) Car Plan E D		₱343,200.00 -0-	NONE	NONE
(h) Gasoline allowance for BOT D		₱72,000.00	₱72,000.00	₱72,000.00	
	Total		₱6,821,961.00	₱72,000.00	₱72,000.00

4) Stock Rights, Options and Warrants

(a) Board of Directors

Complete the following table, on the members of the company's Board of Directors who own or are entitled to stock rights, options or warrants over the company's shares:

Director's Name	Number of Direct Option/Rights/ Warrants	Number of Indirect Option/Rights/ Warrants	Number of Equivalent Shares	Total % from Capital Stock
		N/A		

(b) Amendments of Incentive Programs

Indicate any amendments and discontinuation of any incentive programs introduced, including the criteria used in the creation of the program. Disclose whether these are subject to approval during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting:

Incentive Program	Amendments	Date of Stockholders' Approval
	N/A	

5) Remuneration of Management

Identify the five (5) members of management who are <u>not</u> at the same time executive directors and indicate the total remuneration received during the financial year:

Name of Officer/Position	Total Remuneration
Juan Miguel R. Montinola - CFO	Salary - ₱14,681,182.80
Glenn Z. Nagal – Comptroller /Compliance Officer	HP
Herminia I. Maliwat - Treasurer	PLCC <u>739,709.25</u>
Dr. Miguel M. Carpio - VPAS	<u> </u>
Dr. Maria Teresa P. Tinio - SVPAA	

E. BOARD COMMITTEES

1) Number of Members, Functions and Responsibilities

Provide details on the number of members of each committee, its functions, key responsibilities and the power/authority delegated to it by the Board:

	No	o. of Mem	bers				
Committee	Executive Director (ED)	Non- execu tive Direct or (NED)	Independen t Director (ID)	Commit tee Charter	Functions	Key Responsibilities	Power
Executive	3	2			General policy formulation	To steer the company towards the attainment of set goals.	To approve and endorse for ratification of the Board all major company policies.
Audit	1		3	yes	 Assist the Board in the performance of its oversight responsibility for the financial reporting process, system of internal control, audit process, and monitoring of compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations; Perform oversight functions over the corporation's internal and external auditors. It should ensure that the internal and external auditors act independently from each other, and that both auditors are given unrestricted access to all records, properties and personnel to enable them to perform their respective audit functions; Review the annual internal audit plan to ensure its conformity with the objectives of the corporation. The plan should include the audit scope, resources and budget necessary to implement it; Prior to the commencement of the audit, discuss with the external auditor the nature, scope and expenses of the audit, and ensure proper coordination if more than one audit firm is involved in the activity to secure proper coverage and minimize 	Oversight responsibilities for the financial reporting process, the system of internal control, the audit process, and the company's process for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and the code of conduct	To appoint, compensate, and oversee the work of any registered public accounting firm employed by the organization. Resolve any disagreements between management and the auditor regarding financial reporting. Pre-approve all auditing and nonaudit services. Retain independent counsel, accountants, or others to advise the committee or assist in the conduct of an investigation. Seek any information it requires from employees-all of whom are directed to cooperate with the committee's requests-or external parties.

 	1	T	T
	duplication of		Meet with
	efforts;		company officers,
	Organize an internal audit		external auditors, or
	department, and consider the		outside counsel, as
	appointment of an		
	independent internal auditor		necessary.
	and the terms and		
	conditions of its engagement		
	and removal;		
	Monitor and evaluate the		
	adequacy and effectiveness of		
	the corporation's internal		
	control system, including		
	financial reporting control and		
	information technology		
	security;		
	Review the reports		
	submitted by the internal and		
	external auditors;		
	Review the quarterly, half-		
	year and annual financial		
	statements before their		
	submission to the Board, with		
	particular focus on the		
	following matters:		
	-Any change/s in accounting		
	policies and practices		
	-Major judgmental areas		
	-Significant adjustments		
	resulting from the audit 12		
	-Going concern assumptions		
	-Compliance with accounting		
	standards		
	-Compliance with tax, legal and		
	regulatory requirements		
	Coordinate, monitor and		
	facilitate compliance with		
	laws, rules and regulations;		
	Evaluate and determine the		
	non-audit work, if any, of the		
	external auditor, and review		
	periodically the non-audit fees		
	paid to the external auditor in		
	relation to their significance to		
	the total annual income of the		
	external auditor and to the		
	corporation's overall		
	consultancy expenses. The		
	committee shall disallow any		
	non-audit work that will		
	conflict with his duties as an		
	external auditor or may pose a		
	threat to his independence.		
	The non-audit work, if allowed,		
	should be disclosed in the		
 		l	<u> </u>

					corporation's annual report; • Establish and identify the reporting line of the Internal Auditor to enable him to properly fulfill his duties and responsibilities. He shall functionally report directly to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall ensure that, in the performance of the work of the Internal Auditor, he shall be free from interference by outside parties.		
Nomination	1	1	1		To review and evaluate the qualifications of all persons nominated to the Board and other appointments that require Board approval.	To assess the effectiveness of the Board's processes and procedures in the election or replacement of trustees.	To nominate qualified candidates.
Remuneratio n	2		1		To establish a formal and transparent procedure for developing a policy on remuneration of trustees and officers	To ensure that their compensation is consistent with the corporation's culture, strategy and the business environment in which it operates	To set reasonable & competitive compensation for all employees.
Corporate Governance		1	2	yes	To create an environment of good governance within the organization.	To institutionalized the principles of good corporate governance in all the levels of the business organizations.	To enforce compliance with good corporate governance practice.
Risk Management	3		2		To identify all possible risks that could befall the company.	To assess the significance of the risk and their likelihood of occurence.	To adopt measures to eliminate adverse effects of possible risks.

2) Committee Members

(a) Executive Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman	Lourdes R. Montinola	June 1989	10	9	90%	23
Member	Aurelio R. Montinola	June 1989	10	1	10%	23
Member	Michael C. Alba	Oct. 2012	10	4	40%	1
Member	Angelina P. Jose	June 1998	10	10	100%	14
Member	Paulino Y. Tan	June 1991	10	10	100%	21
Alternate Member	Juan Miguel R. Montinola	Sept. 2009	10	10	100%	3

(b) Audit Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Commit tee
Chairman	Sherisa P. Nuesa	Aug. 2010	4	4	100%	2
Member	Edilberto C. de Jesus	Aug. 2012	4	3	75%	1
Member	Robert F. Kuan	Sept. 2004	4	3	75%	7
Member	Paulino Y. Tan	June 1991	4	4	100%	21

Disclose the profile or qualifications of the Audit Committee members.

Sherisa P. Nuesa

Ms. Nuesa is a member of the Boards of Directors of: Blackhorse Emerging Enterprises Fund (Singapore), PsiTechnologies, and ALFM Mutual Funds. She is also a Board Member of the Institute of Corporate Directors (ICD) and the Financial Executives Institute of the Philippines (FINEX). She was formerly a Managing Director of conglomerate Ayala Corporation and served as a Board Member of various Ayala Land subsidiaries. She was installed in the Society of Fellows (Professional Directorship Program) of the Institute of Corporate Directors, Philippines in 2011. In 2008, she was voted ING-Finex (Financial Executives Institute of the Philippines) CFO of the Year. Ms. Nuesa graduated Summa Cum Laude from the Far Eastern University (Institute of Accounts, Business and Finance) in 1974. She holds a Master in Business Administration (MBA) degree from the Ateneo-Regis Graduate School of Business. In 1991, she attended the Financial Management Program for Executives, at Stanford University in California and in 1999, she completed the three-month Advanced Management Program of the Harvard Business School for senior executives, in Boston, Massachusetts

Edilberto C. de Jesus

He is a member of the Asia Society's International Council and of the Advisory Committee of the Asia-Europe Education Hub since its establishment in 2006 by the Asia Europe Foundation under the framework of the ASEM (Asia Europe Ministerial Meeting). He assumed the presidency of the Asian Institute of Management (AIM) in July 2009. He was President of the private, not-for-profit University of the Cordilleras. He served in 2003 as the President of SEAMEO (Southeast Asia Ministers of Education Organization) and accepted a term as Secretariat Director of SEAMEO from 2005 through 2007. He was appointed Secretary of Education in 2002. He was President of Far Eastern University from July 15, 1995 to September 30, 2002. While FEU president, he served on the boards of the Coordinating Council of Private Educational Associations and the Private Association of Colleges and Universities, which elected him President in 2002. Dr. de Jesus completed a Ph. D. degree in Modern Southeast Asian History at Yale University. He had also taken post-graduate

courses in East Asian History at the University of Kansas and courses in comparative literature at the Jesuit Ateneo de Manila University, where he completed his basic education and earned his B.A. Honors degree in the Humanities, cum laude.

Robert F. Kuan

Other Business Affiliations: Trustee, St. Luke's Medical Center, Quezon City (Chairman, 1996-2011); Trustee, St. Luke's Medical Center, Global City, Inc. (Chairman, 2009-2011); Trustee, St. Luke's College of Medicine—William H. Quasha Memorial; Trustee, Brent International School of Manila; Chairman, Brent International School Baguio, Inc.; Trustee, Brent International School Subic, Inc.; Chairman, Brent International School, Inc.; Chairman, St. Theodore of Tarsus Hospital in Sagada, Inc.; Director, China Banking Corporation; Founder/President, Chowking Food Corporation (1985 - 2000); Independent Director, Far Eastern College Silang; and Director, SEAOIL Philippines, Inc. Mr. Kuan graduated from the University of the Philippines (1970) with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Business Administration. In 1975, he earned his Masters in Business Management from the Asian Institute of Management (AIM). In 1993, he took up the Top Management Program at AIM, a program exclusively for company Presidents and Chief Executive Officers. He was a TOFIL (Ten Outstanding Filipino) Awardee in 2003 in the field of Business & Entrepreneurship; Agora Awardee for Entrepreneurship; Triple-A Awardee of AIM; and Outstanding Alumnus of the University of the Philippines (UP) in the field of Business.

Paulino Y. Tan

Other Business Experience: President of Asia Pacific College; IT Services Consultant, SM (Shoemart) Inc. At present, member of the Board of Directors/Trustees of the following companies: Nicanor Reyes Educational Foundation, Inc., FEU Educational Foundation, Inc., East Asia Educational Foundation, Inc., Lyceum of Batangas, Lyceum of Laguna, Foundation for Upgrading the Standard of Education (FUSE), SM (Shoemart) Foundation, Inc., Asia Pacific Technology Educational Foundation, FERN Realty Corporation and Far Eastern College Silang. Dr. Tan obtained the Degree of Bachelor in Science in Chemical Engineering (summa cum laude) from De La Salle University. He obtained both his M.S. and Ph.D. in Chemical Engineering from the University of Notre Dame, Indiana, U.S.A.

Describe the Audit Committee's responsibility relative to the external auditor.

- 1. Review the external auditors' proposed audit scope and approach, including coordination of audit effort with internal audit.
- 2. Review the performance of the external auditors, and exercise final approval on the appointment or discharge of the auditors.
- 3. Review and confirm the independence of the external auditors by obtaining statements from the auditors on relationships between the auditors and the company, including non-audit services, and discussing the relationships with the auditors.
- 4. On a regular basis, meet separately with the external auditors to discuss any matters that the committee or auditors believe should be discussed privately.

(c) Nomination Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committee
Chairman (NED)	Gianna R. Montinola	June 1996	1	1	100%	16
Member (NED)	Paulino Y. Tan	June 1991	1	1	100%	21
Member (ID)	Sherisa P. Nuesa	Aug. 2010	1	1	100%	2

(d) Remuneration Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Committ ee
Chairman	Lourdes R. Montinola	June 1989	1	1	100%	23
Member (ID)	Robert F. Kuan	Sept. 2004	1	1	100%	8
Member	Juan Miguel R. Montinola	Sept. 2009	1	1	100%	3

(e) Corporate Governance Committee

Provide the same information on all other committees constituted by the Board of Directors:

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Commit tee
Chairman (ID)	Edilberto C. de Jesus	Aug. 2012	1	1	100%	1
Member (ID)	Robert F. Kuan	Sept. 2004	1	1	100%	8
Member (NED)	Gianna R. Montinola	June 1996	1	1	100%	16

(f) Risk Management Committee

Office	Name	Date of Appointment	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	%	Length of Service in the Commit tee
Chairman (ID)	Robert F. Kuan	Sept. 2004	1	1	100%	8
Member (ED)	Aurelio R. Montinola III	June 1989	1	1	100%	23
Member (ED)	Michael C. Alba	Oct. 2012	1	1	100%	1
Member (ID)	Sherisa P. Nuesa	Aug. 2010	1	1	100%	2
Member	Juan Miguel R. Montinola	Sept. 2009	1	1	100%	3

3) Changes in Committee Members

Indicate any changes in committee membership that occurred during the year and the reason for the changes:

Name of Committee	Name	Reason
Executive	Dr. Lydia B. Echauz replaced by Dr. Michael M. Alba	Compulsory retirement of Dr. Echauz
Audit	Dr. Renato L. Paras replaced by Edilberto C. De Jesus	Death of Dr. Renato L. paras
Nomination	NONE	N/A
Remuneration	NONE	N/A
Corporate Governance	Dr. Renato L. Paras replaced by Edilberto C. De Jesus	Death of Dr. Renato L. paras
Risk Management Committee	NONE	N/A

4) Work Done and Issues Addressed

Describe the work done by each committee and the significant issues addressed during the year.

Name of Committee	Work Done	Issues Addressed
Executive	Formulated various company	Appointments, scholarships, academic issues
	policies of the University.	and other operational concerns.
Audit	Reviewed & approved financial statements.	Reportorial requirements
Nomination	Screened, evaluated & shortlisted	Ensures good composition of Board of
	nominees for Board of Trustees.	Trustees
Remuneration	Set standard hiring rates.	Inequitable pay
Corporate Governance	Set good governance standard	Ensures efficiency & compliance with existing
	within the organization	laws & regulations.
Risk Management	Identified & evaluated the	Minimize adverse effects of possible risks.
Committee	significance & likelihood of	
	occurrence of various risks.	

5) Committee Program

Provide a list of programs that each committee plans to undertake to address relevant issues in the improvement or enforcement of effective governance for the coming year.

Name of Committee	Planned Programs	Issues to be Addressed
Executive	Improvement of faculty, facilities &	•Eliminate misalignment of degrees vis-à-vis
	curriculum as well as operational policies.	industry needs.
		Promote operational efficiency.
Audit	Improvement of audit procedures	To cover all possible areas of concern.
Nomination	Improvement of nomination procedures	To further improve composition of the BOT.
Remuneration	Improvement of remuneration package	To maintain a reasonable & competitive
	Improvement of remuneration package	remuneration package.
Corporate Governance	Improvement of good governance practices	Continuous transparency, efficiency & compliance.
Risk Management	Improvement of rick detection procedures	To reduce adverse effects of any risk to the
Committee	Improvement of risk detection procedures.	minimum.

F. RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

1) Disclose the following:

(a) Overall risk management philosophy of the company;

Far Eastern University considers risk management to be fundamental to good management practice and a significant aspect of corporate governance. Effective management of risk will provide an essential contribution towards the achievement of the FEU's strategic and operational objectives and goals.

Risk management must be an essential part of the FEU's decision making and routine management, and must be incorporated within the strategic and operational planning processes at all levels across the University.

Risk assessments must be conducted on new endeavors and activities, including projects, processes, systems and commercial activities to ensure that these are aligned with the FEU's objectives and goals. Any risks or opportunities arising from these assessments will be identified, analysed and reported to the appropriate management level. FEU is committed to ensuring that all staff, particularly Heads of Schools, Institutes and Departments are provided with adequate guidance and training on the principles of risk management and their responsibilities to implement risk management effectively.

The University will regularly review and monitor the implementation and effectiveness of the risk management process, including the development of an appropriate risk management culture across the University.

- (b) A statement that the directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management system and commenting on the adequacy thereof;
- (c) Period covered by the review;
- (d) How often the risk management system is reviewed and the directors' criteria for assessing its effectiveness; and
- (e) Where no review was conducted during the year, an explanation why not.

 The directors have not yet reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management system since we are only starting to establish the system; they have no criteria yet for assessing its effectiveness.

2) Risk Policy

(a) Company

Give a general description of the company's risk management policy, setting out and assessing the risk/s covered by the system (ranked according to priority), along with the objective behind the policy for each kind of risk:

Risk Exposure	Risk Management Policy	Objective
Change of curriculum (k-12)	Financial strategy that focuses on income streams, capital campaign and cost efficiencies.	Reduce the effect of the government mandated K-12 program over university's income position.
Natural calamity	Business Continuity Plan (BCP) and Disaster Recovery Program of the University	Reduce the effect of disasters and calamities on the operations of the university especially on IT and data resources.
Increase of tuition fee	Government mandated increase in tuition fees vis-à-vis the autonomous status of FEU. Increase in tuition fees are strategically planned to alleviate loss of student enrollees and at the same time diminish the bad effect the increase in tuition fee may have on FEU's reputation.	Reduce the effect of loss in enrollment due to increase in tuition fees.

(b) Group

Give a general description of the Group's risk management policy, setting out and assessing the risk/s covered by the system (ranked according to priority), along with the objective behind the policy for each kind of risk:

Risk Exposure	Risk Management Policy	Objective
Complexity in decision making complexity of committee structure leads to misconceptions as to the role and authority of	The FEU governance model encourages excellence in research and teaching through its academic self-government or autonomous status. Establishment of the audit	Develop Governance Strategy with a view to delivering a governance structure that retains the excellence associated with the University's teaching and research with good internal control and management. In the short-term

individual bodies;	committee to oversee corporate governance.	clarification of the roles of bodies, divisions and decision s/structure
 inability of University Governance structure to quickly react to opportunities and threats in the external environment such as from competitors. 		that would improve transparency and accountability.

(c) Minority Shareholders

Indicate the principal risk of the exercise of controlling shareholders' voting power.

Risk to Minority Shareholders

Principal-principal conflict refers to conflicts between two groups of principals: controlling shareholders and minority shareholders. When minority shareholders feel their interests are not being protected, they may lose confidence in the firm sell the stock, or refuse to invest. It may also lead to abuse in power since the steer would be left solely to a few large shareholders. This may develop as major stockholders may consolidate their holdings while minority shareholders lose interest and may sell their holdings to a few majorities. Result-loose corporate governance. The control structures become a problem in corporate governance when families use their control to protect their own interests at the expense of minority shareholders.

3) Control System Set Up

(a) Company

Briefly describe the control systems set up to assess, manage and control the main issue/s faced by the company:

Risk Exposure	Risk Assessment (Monitoring and Measurement Process)	Risk Management and Control (Structures, Procedures, Actions Taken)
Hiring of incompetent & dishonest employees	Inability to attract quality staff, to retain the existing staff or offer 'opportunity culture' (career structure, development and advancement opportunities, glass ceiling measures). Salaries have been eroded in comparison with other universities and other industries. In the medium to long term could become very serious threat to the University's ability to recruit and retain staff.	Development of Human Resources Strategy and action plan. Improved promotion schemes for academic and support staff. Extensive staff development programme. Administering of qualifying exams, screening & evaluation of credentials
Staff and/or student dissatisfaction	Staff and/or student dissatisfaction leads to disruption to business continuity. This could arise as a result of pressures for changes in staff pay, terms and conditions (including pension funds) b)	Maintenance of relationships with union representatives and student councils. Increases in tuition fee are with authority of CHED. Constant facility repairs and new constructs.

	implementation of higher student tuition fees, inadequate educational facilities.	
Inadequate performance in licensure exams	Inadequate performance in licensure exams may result in loss of reputation, decrease in enrollment and inability to recruit / retain students which may eventually result in the decrease of fund.	Continuous research to further improve the quality of education. Continuous search and hiring of best teachers and instructors in their respective fields.
Maintenance of financial sustainability and ensuring effective delivery of key strategic and operational plans. Failure to effectively safeguard university assets and failure to identify and monitor continuous flow and new sources of revenue.	Failure to maintain financial sustainability and ensuring effective delivery of key strategic and operational plans may result to Financial loss and insufficient resources for new income generating activities.	Financial strategy and financial planning and budgetary/forecasting processes. Benchmarking with other comparable institutions, local and internationalisation. Strategy implementation. Cost reduction exercise, integration and cost sharing opportunities.
Insufficient investment and oversight of systems developments to ensure systems and infrastructure provide the functionality and services expected of a leading global university.	Reputational damage. Loss of, or inadequate operational processes. Major disruption to research, teaching and learning, student administration etc. Inability to manage University e.g. finances, pay staff etc.	Planning round processes . Ongoing programmes improvement and infrastructure upgrades. Internal and external audit processes, including external penetration testing, applied to University IT systems and procedures.

(b) Group

Briefly describe the control systems set up to assess, manage and control the main issue/s faced by the company:

Risk Exposure	Risk Assessment (Monitoring and Measurement Process)	Risk Management and Control (Structures, Procedures, Actions Taken)
Competition with local and other global	The University is at, and wishes to remain at the forefront of local	Analysis of strengths and weaknesses of existing and potential

universities.	and possibly world universities.	competition – academic, financial,
diliversities.	Current and aspiring competition will seek to attract outstanding staff, the highest quality students, and the attention and support of benefactors, businesses and governments. There is a risk that competition will move ahead in reputation, quality of academic output in research and education, financial capacity and physical resources. There is room for only a limited number of truly world-class institutions in the Philippines.	etc and improvement of our university standards with the best in the Philippines. Clear competitive positioning of FEU against competition.
Quality of provision of undergraduate or post-graduate courses falls below expectation. Unsatisfactory student experience may lead into a loss of reputation in relation to national and international competitors.	Undergraduate course quality monitored closely by "Education Committee"	Further analysis of quality of existing courses and invites to competent and highly qualified professors and instructors.

(c) Committee

Identify the committee or any other body of corporate governance in charge of laying down and supervising these control mechanisms, and give details of its functions:

Committee/Unit	Control Mechanism	Details of its Functions
Risk Management Committee under the Board of Trustees	Risk Management Policy, Risk Management Plan	Identifies, assesses, manages and monitors risks, and allows investors and other stakeholders to be informed of material changes to the Company's risk profile.
Audit Committee under the Board of Trustees	Establishment documentation and monitoring of a strong and effective Control environment.	Overseeing financial reporting and disclosure process, Monitoring choice of accounting policies and principles, overseeing the hiring and performance and independence of external Auditors, Overseeing regulatory compliance of financial reporting standards, monitoring of internal control process and evaluating risk management policies and practices.
Internal Audit Department	Regular Audit Activities, Fraud	Provide an independent, objective

Investigation, Process and	assurance and consulting activity
Systems Review	designed to add value and improve
	an organization's operations. Help
	FEU accomplish its objectives by
	bringing a systematic, disciplined
	approach to evaluate and improve
	the effectiveness of risk
	management, control, and
	governance processes.

G. INTERNAL AUDIT AND CONTROL

Internal Auditing and Control

1) Internal Control System

Disclose the following information pertaining to the internal control system of the company:

(a) Explain how the internal control system is defined for the company

"The internal control system of FEU is defined and shaped by the various risks that could be fall the company and the business goals it wishes to achieve."

The internal control system of the company consists of policies and procedure designed to provide reasonable assurance that 1). company assets are safeguarded and used only for business related activities; business/financial information are accurate; and 3). the company and its employees comply with existing laws and regulations.

Top management's philosophy and operating style puts adequate emphasis on the importance of controls and encourages adherence to control policies and procedures in all levels of the business organization. The control policies of the company start in the hiring, training and evaluation of employees to ensure that only competent and honest employees are hired and retained.

Since all business organizations face various risks, management tries to anticipate all forms of risks that could befall the company. Once risks are identified, they are analyzed to estimate their significance and to assess their likelihood of happening so that actions and controls can be adopted in order to minimize if not eliminate their adverse effects.

Control procedures are also established to provide reasonable assurance that business goals will be achieved including the prevention of fraud which is considered one of the most serious breaches of internal control. Example of these control procedures are the following:

- 1. Hiring of competent and honest employees.
- 2. Rotation of duties of clerical personnel.
- 3. Mandatory vacation for non-clerical personnel.
- 4. Separation of responsibilities for related operations.
- 5. Separation of responsibility for operations, custody of assets and accounting.
- 6. Use of security measures to safeguard assets.
- 7. Use of proofs or verifiable evidence to ensure reliability of accounting data.

The existing internal control system is continuously being monitored to detect weaknesses and improve its effectiveness. The Internal Audit Department, the examination division of the Disbursement Control

Department, the quality control auditors of the ISO as well as our external auditors work hand in hand to ensure that the company's internal control system remains strong.

- (b) A statement that the directors have reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control system and whether they consider them effective and adequate
 - The Board of Trustees through the audit committee is regularly apprised with the company's internal control and is satisfied with it.
- (c) Period covered by the review. Current
- (d) How often the internal controls are reviewed and the directors' criteria for assessing the effectiveness of internal control system; and Continuous
- (e) Where no review was conducted during the year, an explanation why not. N/A

2) Internal Audit

(a) Role, Scope and Internal Audit Function

Give a general description of the role, scope of internal audit work and details of the internal audit function.

Role	Scope	Indicate whether	Name of Chief	Reporting Process
		In-house or	Internal	
		Outsource Internal	Auditor/	
		Audit Function	Auditing Firm	
Departmental	All departmental and	In-house	Robert W.	RWC to Audit
Audit/	functional processes		Caracas	Committee
Functional Audit				
Financial Audit	All financial	In-House	Robert W.	RWC to AC
	operations and		Caracas	
	results			
Operational	All operational	In-House	Robert W.	RWC to AC
Audit	transactions and		Caracas	
	processes			
Grant and	All grant and trust	In-House	Robert W.	RWC to AC
Contract Audit	funds		Caracas	
Fraud and	All relevant	In-House	Robert W.	RWC to AC
Financial	transactions, records		Caracas	
Irregularity	and activities that			
Audits	give rise to fraud.			
Follow-up Audits	All transactions	In-House	Robert W.	RWC to AC
	records, processes		Caracas	
	needed to resolve			
	issues listed in the			
	Audit.			

- (b) Do the appointment and removal of Internal Auditor or the accounting/ auditing firm or corporation to which the internal audit function is outsourced the approval of the audit committee? Yes
- (c) Discuss the internal auditor's reporting relationship with the audit committee. Does the internal auditor have direct and unfettered access to the board of directors and the audit committee and to all records, properties and personnel?

The Internal Audit Department has a direct reporting relationship with the Audit Committee. Audit plans and results are reported to the Audit Committee. The Internal Audit Manager seeks first the approval of the Audit Committee before execution of Audit engagements.

(d) Resignation, Re-assignment and Reasons

Disclose any resignation/s or re-assignment of the internal audit staff (including those employed by the third-party auditing firm) and the reason/s for them.

Name of Audit Staff	Reason	
Ma. Cristina Pascual	Re-assigned to Office of The CFO (NetSuite)	
Ryan Ching	Resignation (July 2012). Joined SGV	

(e) Progress against Plans, Issues, Findings and Examination Trends

State the internal audit's progress against plans, significant issues, significant findings and examination trends.

Progress Against Plans	Audit activities are evaluated against audit plan.	
Issues	Audit issues are settled through Audit Meetings with the process owners and senior	
	management before the issuance of final reports.	
Findings	Audit findings are reported to the department concerned and settled with the	
	process owners. Final reports and follow-ups are conducted.	
Examination Trends	The current examination trend shows that issues and findings are immediately	
	settled and communicated to the appropriate departments.	

[The relationship among progress, plans, issues and findings should be viewed as an internal control review cycle which involves the following step-by-step activities:

- 1) Preparation of an audit plan inclusive of a timeline and milestones;
- 2) Conduct of examination based on the plan;
- 3) Evaluation of the progress in the implementation of the plan;
- 4) Documentation of issues and findings as a result of the examination;
- 5) Determination of the pervasive issues and findings ("examination trends") based on single year result and/or year-to-year results;
- 6) Conduct of the foregoing procedures on regular basis.]

(f) Audit Control Policies and Procedures

Disclose all internal audit controls, policies and procedures that have been established by the company and the result of an assessment as to whether the established controls, policies and procedures have been implemented under the column "Implementation."

Policies & Procedures	Implementation
Policy and procedure on monitoring portable	Implemented
equipments and assurance that these are duly	
accounted for	
Petty cash fund handling policy	Implemented
Policy for accounting and reporting of NSTP fund.	Implemented
Policies and Procedures on MBA enrollment	Implemented
program	
Policy on safeguarding University owned land titles	Implemented

(g) Mechanism and Safeguards

State the mechanism established by the company to safeguard the independence of the auditors, financial analysts, investment banks and rating agencies (example, restrictions on trading in the company's shares and imposition of internal approval procedures for these transactions, limitations on the non-audit services that an external auditor may provide to the company):

and when required,	outlets from whom to
carried out by	select .This list is
independent	reviewed on a yearly
professionals' e.g.	basis. Any addition to
external auditors, IIA.	the approved list
	needs approval from
	the Risk Management
	Committee.

(h) State the officers (preferably the Chairman and the CEO) who will have to attest to the company's full compliance with the SEC Code of Corporate Governance. Such confirmation must state that all directors, officers and employers of the company have been given proper instruction on their respective duties as mandated by the Code and that internal mechanisms are in place to ensure that compliance.

The Chairman/ CEO and Corporate Governance Committee oversee the University's full compliance with SEC Code of Corporate Governance. The officers are the following:

FEU Chairman/CEO - Lourdes R. Montinola

Corporate Governance Committee:

Chairman – Edilberto C. de Jesus **Members:** Robert F. Kuan

Gianna R. Montinola

H. ROLE OF STAKEHOLDERS

1) Disclose the company's policy and activities relative to the following:

	Policy	Activities
Customers' welfare	Customer is king	Continuous improvement of facilities, curriculum & faculty Adequate health & safety measures Quality service
Supplier/contractor selection practice	Choose the suppliers with best quality product, best price & after sales support	Bidding & canvassing
Environmentally friendly value- chain	Help preserve endangered species and the environment	Save the tamaraws, segregation of waste.
Community interaction	School involvement in community affairs	Outreach programs to barangays and inmates.
Anti-corruption programmes and procedures?	No personal gifts	Quality service with a SMILE
Safeguarding creditors' rights	Prompt payment	Efficient processing of bills

- Does the company have a separate corporate responsibility (CR) report/section or sustainability report/section?
 NONE
- 3) Performance-enhancing mechanisms for employee participation.
 - (a) What are the company's policy for its employees' safety, health, and welfare?

It is the policy of FEU to take all possible measures to ensure the health, safety, and protection of all employees/faculty/students from all health hazards arising in the campus in accordance with Philippine Occupational Health and Safety standards, OSHC, DOLE, DOH and other regulatory organizations. FEU is a smoke free campus and drug free work place.

FEU provides:

- Medical and dental benefits
- Attractive retirement benefits
- Educational scholarships to employees and dependents
- Safety shoes and prescribed uniform for identified positions
- Calamity Premium Pay and Hazard Pay
- Minimum of 30 days personnel leave credits a year; 7 days emergency leave
- Clothing allowance
- Recreational activities such sportsfests, summer outings, and fellowships
- (b) Show data relating to health, safety and welfare of its employees.
 - 25 Million per year for medical benefits alone.
 - FEU contributes monthly to an employee's retirement funds the equivalent of the 20% of his basic pay.
- (c) State the company's training and development programmes for its employees. Show the data.

FEU ensures the supply and development of competent and productive employees to achieve its strategies and objectives by providing its employees with opportunities for individual and group learning. Specifically, it supports the design and implementation of competency development programs to enable its employees to perform successfully in their roles, maximize their potential, and eventually enrich their personal and professional growth.

The University encourages the use of a broad range of competency development approaches that will enable employees to sustain or improve their performance, and contribute to desired results. These are reflected in its General and Technical Competencies Curricula which include classroom-based training and other learning interventions such as on-the-job training, developmental assignments, and self-study programs.

For SY 2012-2013, the University invested a total of Php 8,547,707.92 for its competency development programs. For SY 2013-2014, the total competency development budget is Php 7,824,402.00.

(d) State the company's reward/compensation policy that accounts for the performance of the company beyond short-term financial measures.

FEU's Rewards shall support the achievement of its strategies and objectives.

It shall be a source of competitive advantage and a major driver in:

- 1. Sustaining **membership** of high performing and key contributing employees;
- 2. Motivating employees to achieve superior levels of quality **performance**;
- 3. Encouraging employees to develop desired **competencies**; and
- 4. Building employee **commitment** to the organization.

FEU Employees shall be rewarded for their performance and competency to motivate them to continuously produce desired outcomes and thereby drive the whole organization towards achieving the vision to be the University of choice in Asia.

FEU's Rewards Programs shall be anchored on the following guiding principles:

- 1. An employee can influence his pay level by the quality of his performance, at team and individual levels
- 2. An employee can influence growth and improvement of his pay through the attainment of required competencies.
- 3. Fair returns are accorded to the employee considering FEU's performance and affordability as well as pay levels of comparator market groups.
- 4. Teamwork is encouraged and rewarded in the achievement of FEU's strategies and plans.
- 5. Rewards programs are communicated to all employees to inform, motivate and mobilize them towards performance.
- 4) What are the company's procedures for handling complaints by employees concerning illegal (including corruption) and unethical behavior? Explain how employees are protected from retaliation.

FEU follows the following procedure:

- 1. Employee submits letter of complaint to management.
- 2. Based on letter of complaint, management conducts preliminary investigation and/or audit as needed.
- 3. Based on preliminary investigation and/or audit, HRD issues to the involved employee a notice to explain, indicating the offense and corrective action.
- 4. An Ad hoc Committee is created, depending on the explanation and evidence, to conduct further investigation and recommends appropriate corrective action.
- 5. The Ad Hoc Committee recommends to the University President the corrective action for the offense based on the Code of Conduct.
- 6. The President endorses the recommendation of the Ad Hoc Committee to the Legal Counsel for review.
- 7. HRD issues a notice of the decision and corresponding corrective action to the employee, copy furnished the Union.

To protect the employee who complained, the University conducts audits and preliminary investigation and uses the results as basis for the notice to explain.

I. DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY

1) Ownership Structure

(a) Holding 5% shareholding or more

Shareholder	Number of Shares	Percent	Beneficial Owner
Seyrell Investment and	3,930,969	28.6278%	Dr. Lourdes R. Montinola
Realty Corporation			
Sysmart Corporation	2,955,115	21.5210%	Henry Sy
Desrey, Inc.	1,098,720	8.0016%	Dr. Lourdes R. Montinola

Name of Senior Management	Number of Direct shares	Number of Indirect shares / Through (name of record owner)	% of Capital Stock
	N/A		
TOTAL			

2) Does the Annual Report disclose the following:

Key risks	yes
Corporate objectives	yes
Financial performance indicators	yes
Non-financial performance indicators	yes
Dividend policy	yes
Details of whistle-blowing policy	yes
Biographical details (at least age, qualifications, date of first appointment, relevant experience, and any other directorships of listed companies) of directors/commissioners	yes
Training and/or continuing education programmes attended by each director/commissioner	yes
Number of board of directors/commissioners meetings held during the year	yes
Attendance details of each director/commissioner in respect of meetings held	yes
Details of remuneration of the CEO and each member of the board of directors/commissioners	yes

Should the Annual Report not disclose any of the above, please indicate the reason for the non-disclosure.

3) External Auditor's fee

Name of auditor	Audit Fee	Non-audit Fee
Punongbayan & Araullo	₱920,000.00plus 12% VAT (2011 – 2012)	NONE
Punongbayan & Araullo	880,000.00 plus 12% VAT (2012 – 2013)	NONE

4) Medium of Communication

List down the mode/s of communication that the company is using for disseminating information.

- Email
- Registered Mail
- Courier
- Investor's website
- 5) Date of latest release of audited financial report: July 15, 2012

6) Company Website

Does the company have a website disclosing up-to-date information about the following?

Business operations	yes
Financial statements/reports (current and prior years)	yes
Materials provided in briefings to analysts and media	yes
Shareholding structure	yes
Group corporate structure	yes
Downloadable annual report	yes
Notice of AGM and/or EGM	yes
Company's constitution (company's by-laws, memorandum and articles of association)	yes

Should any of the foregoing information be not disclosed, please indicate the reason thereto.

7) Disclosure of RPT

RPT	Relationship	Nature	Value
FERN Realty Corp.	Subsidiary	Rentals	P73,211,706.00
East Asia Educational	Affiliates	Rentals	P52,984,680.00
Foundation		Management fee	P55,358,978.00
EACCI	Subsidiary	Advances	P 7,728,793.00

When RPTs are involved, what processes are in place to address them in the manner that will safeguard the interest of the company and in particular of its minority shareholders and other stakeholders?

Dealings falling under the category of related party transactions should be approved by the Board of Trustees and such should, at least be:

- 1. Above board.
- 2. Transparent
- 3. Arm's length
- 4. Non-bias
- 5. Without special favor
- 6. Not disadvantageous to the company

In other words, it must be to the best interest of the company as a whole.

J. RIGHTS OF STOCKHOLDERS

- 1) Right to participate effectively in and vote in Annual/Special Stockholders' Meetings
 - (a) Quorum

Give details on the quorum required to convene the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting as set forth in its By-laws.

(b) System Used to Approve Corporate Acts

Explain the system used to approve corporate acts.

System Used	By Vote
Description	Approved & endorsed by Excom, ratified by the Board and in certain cases, also ratified by the stockholders

(c) Stockholders' Rights

List any Stockholders' Rights concerning Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting that differ from those laid down in the Corporation Code.

Stockholders' Rights under The Corporation Code	Stockholders' Rights <u>not</u> in The Corporation Code	
Right to vote on all matters that require their		
consent or approval;	NONE	
Pre-emptive right to all stock issuances of the	NONE	
corporation;		

Right to inspect corporate books and records;
Right to information;
Right to dividends; and
Appraisal right.

Dividends

Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date
June 19, 2012	July 04, 2012	July 18, 2012
Dec. 18, 2012	Jan. 08, 2013	Jan. 23, 2013

(d) Stockholders' Participation

1. State, if any, the measures adopted to promote stockholder participation in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting, including the procedure on how stockholders and other parties interested may communicate directly with the Chairman of the Board, individual directors or board committees. Include in the discussion the steps the Board has taken to solicit and understand the views of the stockholders as well as procedures for putting forward proposals at stockholders' meetings.

Measures Adopted	Communication Procedure	
Sending notice of annual stockholders meeting & definitive information statements to all stockholders.	By courier & mail	
Open forum during annual stockholders meeting	Person to person question and answer method	

- 2. State the company policy of asking shareholders to actively participate in corporate decisions regarding:
 - a. Amendments to the company's constitution
 - b. Authorization of additional shares
 - c. Transfer of all or substantially all assets, which in effect results in the sale of the company

Individual notice/invitation detailing the date, place, time, purpose and agenda of the meeting is sent to all stockholders.

- 3. Does the company observe a minimum of 21 business days for giving out of notices to the AGM where items to be resolved by shareholders are taken up? The company observes a minimum of 15 business days prior to the annual stockholders meeting.
 - a. Date of sending out notices: August 3, 2012 (last year)
 - b. Date of the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting: August 25, 2012 (last year)
- 4. State, if any, questions and answers during the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting.

A minority stockholder asked if there was a specific budget committee monitoring and controlling the expenses of the university. Mr. Juan Miguel R. Montinola, Chief Finance Officer (CFO), explained that everything that everything is budgeted at the beginning of the school year. Projects with the approved budget are the only ones that may proceed accordingly.

5. Result of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting's Resolutions

Resolution	Approving	Dissenting	Abstaining
(1). RESOLVED , That the reading of the minutes of the regular annual meeting of stockholders held on 27 August 2011 be dispensed with and	Approved	None	None
said minutes be approved as presented.			
(2). RESOLVED , That the Academic Report of the President, Far Eastern University, for the fiscal year 2011-2012 be, as it is hereby, noted.	Approved	None	None
(3). RESOLVED, That a vote of thanks and appreciation for President Lydia B. Echauz be move for her very valuable contribution to the success of Far Eastern University during her tenure as President.	Approved	None	None
(4). RESOLVED , That the Annual Report of the Chair, Board of Trustees of Far Eastern University, Inc. covering the operations of fiscal year 2011-2012 be approved, ratified, and confirmed.	Approved	None	None
(5). RESOLVED, That the approval of the amendment of Section III of the By-Laws of the Corporation to read as follows: Section III – Meetings: All meetings of the stockholders of the Corporation shall be held at the office of the Corporation as above defined. All meetings of the Board of Trustees of the Corporation shall be held at the office of the Corporation as above defined at the office of the Corporation as above defined or in such places as may be designated from time to time by the Chairman of the Board or by at least a majority of the Board of Trustees.	Approved	None	None

(6). RESOLVED , That the acts of the officers and Trustees of Far Eastern University, Inc. in the furtherance of the matters covered by the annual report for the fiscal year 2011-2012 be approved, ratified and confirmed.	Approved	None	None
(7). RESOLVED, That there being only nine (9) nominees, all votes be cast, as they are hereby cast equally, and that the nine (9) nominees be henceforth declared elected members of the Board of Trustees of Far Eastern University, Inc. for the fiscal year 2012-2013 or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.	Approved	None	None
(8). RESOLVED, That the firm Punongbayan and Araullo, be appointed External Auditors of Far Eastern University, Inc. for the fiscal year 2012-2013.	Approved	None	None
(9). RESOLVED, That a vote of appreciation for the late Dr. Renato L. Paras for his great contribution to the success of FEU.	Approved	None	None
(10) RESOLVED FINALLY, That a vote of appreciation be extended to the Board of Trustees, the officials, the faculty, the employees, the alumni and the students for a job well done.	Approved	None	None

6. Date of publishing of the result of the votes taken during the most recent AGM for all resolutions: August 25, 2012

(e) Modifications

State, if any, the modifications made in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting regulations during the most recent year and the reason for such modification:

Modifications	Reason for Modification	
NONE	N.A	

(f) Stockholders' Attendance

(i) Details of Attendance in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting Held:

Type of Meeting	Names of Board members / Officers present	Date of Meeting	Voting Procedure (by poll, show of hands, etc.)	% of SH Attending in Person	% of SH in Proxy	Total % of SH attendance
Annual	10	08-25-12	Proxy votes	3.58%	86%	89.58%
Special	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

- (ii) Does the company appoint an independent party (inspectors) to count and/or validate the votes at the ASM/SSMs? No, but external auditors are present during ASM
- (iii) Do the company's common shares carry one vote for one share? If not, disclose and give reasons for any divergence to this standard. Where the company has more than one class of shares, describe the voting rights attached to each class of shares. YES

(g) Proxy Voting Policies

State the policies followed by the company regarding proxy voting in the Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting.

	Company's Policies
Execution and acceptance of proxies	Executed by stockholder and accepted by the corporate secretary.
Notary	Not required
Submission of Proxy	At least 24 hours before the time set for the meeting as required by the By-Laws.
Several Proxies	Allowed
Validity of Proxy	1 year
Proxies executed abroad	Allowed subject to validation
Invalidated Proxy	Not counted
Validation of Proxy	Against signature card or personally signed
Violation of Proxy	Not counted

(h) Sending of Notices

State the company's policies and procedure on the sending of notices of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting.

Policies	Procedure
15 business days before the annual meeting	Sending thru courier & registered mail

(i) Definitive Information Statements and Management Report

Number of Stockholders entitled to receive		
Definitive Information Statements and	1,480	
Management Report and Other Materials		
Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive		
Information Statement and Management Report	August 3, 2012	
and Other Materials held by market	August 3, 2012	
participants/certain beneficial owners		
Date of Actual Distribution of Definitive		
Information Statement and Management Report	August 3, 2012	
and Other Materials held by stockholders		
State whether CD format or hard copies were	Hard Copies	
distributed	Hai u Copies	
If yes, indicate whether requesting stockholders	Yes, Stockholders were provided with hard	
were provided hard copies	copies	

(j) Does the Notice of Annual/Special Stockholders' Meeting include the following:

Each resolution to be taken up deals with only one item.	yes
Profiles of directors (at least age, qualification, date of first appointment, experience, and directorships in other listed companies) nominated for election/re-election.	Yes
The auditors to be appointed or re-appointed.	Yes
An explanation of the dividend policy, if any dividend is to be declared.	yes
The amount payable for final dividends.	Yes
Documents required for proxy vote.	yes

Should any of the foregoing information be not disclosed, please indicate the reason thereto.

- 2) Treatment of Minority Stockholders
 - (a) State the company's policies with respect to the treatment of minority stockholders.

Policies	Implementation
Right to vote on all matters that require their consent or approval;	Full implementation
Pre-emptive right to all stock issuances of the corporation;	Full implementation
Right to inspect corporate books and records;	Full implementation
Right to information;	Full implementation
Right to dividends; and	Full implementation
Appraisal right	Full implementation

(b) Do minority stockholders have a right to nominate candidates for board of directors? YES

K. INVESTORS RELATIONS PROGRAM

- Discuss the company's external and internal communications policies and how frequently they are reviewed.
 The company believes in transparency as an indispensible component of good governance. As such, important matters affecting stakeholders are made known to them by the company's designated offices.
 Disclose who reviews and approves major company announcements. Identify the committee with this responsibility, if it has been assigned to a committee. The Executive Committee reviews and approves major company announcements.
- 2) Describe the company's investor relations program including its communications strategy to promote effective communication with its stockholders, other stakeholders and the public in general. Disclose the contact details (e.g. telephone, fax and email) of the officer responsible for investor relations.

	Details	
(1) Objectives	To showcase the company's financial strength (stability, profitability & liquidity) and operational efficiency through good	
	corporate governance	
(2) Principles	Good governance through participative leadership and	
	transparency	
(3) Modes of Communications	Reports & disclosures to SEC & PSE	
	Investor relations website	
	Annual report to all stockholders	
(4) Investors Relations Officer	Mr. Juan Miguel R. Montinola	

3) What are the company's rules and procedures governing the acquisition of corporate control in the capital markets, and extraordinary transactions such as mergers, and sales of substantial portions of corporate assets? Acquisition of corporate control in capital markets, and extraordinary transactions such as merges, and sales of substantial portions of corporate assets, if any, should be approved by the Executive Committee and ratified by the Board of Trustees.

Name of the independent party the board of directors of the company appointed to evaluate the fairness of the transaction price.

There are 9 members of the Board of Trustees and 3 are independent directors. The 3 independent directors participate in the discussions, deliberations and approval of such transactions. A good diligence audit shall also be conducted by our external auditors to guide the board of its assessment.

L. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES

Discuss any initiative undertaken or proposed to be undertaken by the company.

Initiative	Beneficiary
Special Scholarship	Poor but deserving students
Save the Tamaraw Project	Endangered species – Tamaraw
Adopt a School Program	Public Schools
Donation	Charitable Institutions
Outreach Program	Correctional facility inmates

M. BOARD, DIRECTOR, COMMITTEE AND CEO APPRAISAL

Disclose the process followed and criteria used in assessing the annual performance of the board and its committees, individual director, and the CEO/President.

	Process	Criteria
Board of Directors	Self evaluation	1. Attendance
Board Committees	Self evaluation	2. Participation and conduct
Individual Directors	Self evaluation	3. Conflict of interest
CEO/President	Self evaluation	4. Business knowledge

N. INTERNAL BREACHES AND SANCTIONS

Discuss the internal policies on sanctions imposed for any violation or breach of the corporate governance manual involving directors, officers, management and employees

Violations	Sanctions
1. Willful violations that govern securities and banking activities.	Permanent disqualification as director
2. Fraudulent acts	Permanent disqualification as director
3. Independent trustee who became an officer, employee or consultant of the same corporation.	Permanent disqualification as director
4. Trustee who is judicially declared as insolvent	Permanent disqualification as director
5. Conviction by final judgment of any crime punishable by imprisonment of more than 6 years.	Permanent disqualification
6. Refusal to comply with disclosures request of the Securities Regulation Code and its implementing rules and regulation.	Temporary disqualification which shall be in effect as long as the refusal persists.
7. Dismissal or termination for cause as trustee of any corporation.	Temporary disqualification which shall be in effect as long as he has not cleared of the offense
8. Independent trustee whose beneficial equity ownership in the corporation, its subsidiaries and affiliates exceeds 2% of the subscribed capital stock.	Temporary disqualification which shall be in effect as long as he exceeds the limit.

on	, 20	
	SIGNATURES	
LOURDES R. MONTINOLA		LOURDES R. MONTINOLA
Chairman of the Board		Chief Executive Officer
EDILBERTO C. DE JESUS		ROBERT F. KUAN
Independent Director		Independent Director
GLENN Z. NAGAL		
Compliance Officer		
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this, as follows:	day of	20 , affiant(s) exhibiting to me
NAME/NO.	DATE OF ISSUE	PLACE OF ISSUE
Lourdes R. Montinola/10675537 Edilberto C. De Jesus/CCII3976092	January 25, 2013 January 30, 2013	Makati City Quezon City
Robert F. Kuan/15873753 Glenn Z. Nagal/07161598	February 13, 2013 January 3, 2013	Manila Manila
	NOTAR	Y PUBLIC
	NOTAK	YPOBLIC
Doc No Page No		